MATH 118: Midterm 2

Name: _____

Directions:

- * Show your thought process (commonly said as "show your work") when solving each problem for full credit.
- * If you do not know how to solve a problem, try your best and/or explain in English what you would do.
- * Good luck!

Problem	Score	Points
1		10
2		10
3		10
4		10
5		10
6		10

60

- 1. Short answer questions:
 - (a) Given three functions

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-2}, \qquad g(x) = \frac{2x}{3x+1}, \qquad h(x) = x^4$$

find the composition $g \circ f \circ h$.

(b) Given a polynomial f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)(x-5), should f(4.5) be positive or negative and why?

(c) Find a degree four polynomial with zeros $i\sqrt{3}$ and 5*i*.

(d) Given a base function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and two transformed functions

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$$
 $h(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x-2}$

do both g(x) and h(x) have the same horizontal shift from f(x)? If not, state both of the horizontal shifts of g(x) and h(x).

- 2. Suppose $f(x) = x^2 x$.
 - (a) What is the domain of f(x)?
 - (b) Find a complete factorization of f(x).
 - (c) Calculate and **fully expand + simplify** the expression $\frac{f(x+h) f(x)}{h}$.

- 3. Given the polynomial $P(x) = x^4 + 4x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 4$:
 - (a) What is the average rate of change of P(x) on [0, 1]?

(b) Is P(x) even, odd, or neither? Full credit requires using the definition of even/odd.

(c) x = -2 is a zero of multiplicity two for P(x). Use this information to find a complete factorization of P(x).

4. Sketch an accurate graph of the polynomial

$$P(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 6x$$

using the four step process.



5. Given the function

$$f(x) = 4 - x^2, \ x \ge 0$$

(a) Calculate the inverse f^{-1} algebraically.

(b) Use the Inverse Function Property to verify your result of f^{-1} is actually the inverse of f(x).

6. Given

$$F(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$
 $G(x) = -(x^2 - 1)$

(a) Find the domain of F(x).

(b) Decompose F(x) into two functions f and g where $f \circ g = F$. You are not allowed to choose f(x) = x or g(x) = x.

(c) Calculate $(F \circ G)(0)$.

(d) Find the function $F \circ G$ and explain why the domain of this function is the single number x = 0.